PRICE ONE CENT

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 28, 18 9.

ice-Dealer Sullivan Driven to It by Constant Police Nagging.

The Cronin Murder Case Will Be Solved with the Aid of His

£ tatements.

He Was Given No Peace Until He Told What He Knew.

it Is Believed That Others Will Now Turn State's Evidence.

The Finger of Suspicion Pointing Towards the "Triangle"

ISPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD ! CHICAGO, May 28. -It was nearly 1 o'clock this morning when the big iron doors of the Cook County Jail clanged behind Detective Coughlin, of the police force, and a little later a patrol wagon rattled into the jailyard bearing P. O. Sullivan, the Lakeview ice dealer, who has all along been suspected of complicity in the Cronin murder.

Both men had been committed without bail, without preliminary examinations, before different magistrates, and their impris-

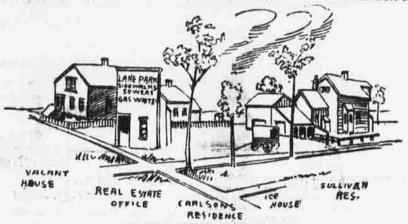
of the principals knows the entire story of the crime, the different portions of the work hav-ing been done by different men, who acted under secret instructions from a general

head.

There is no doubt that the assassins were comparative strangers in Chicago, coming here simply to do their bloody wors.

The theory is that in spite of all precautions not less than a half dozen men in Chi-





THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF THE TRAGEDY. (Murder committed in cacant house at the left.)

onment on a formal charge of having made away with Cronin, was the first step towards bunishing the perpetrators of the crime.

Sullivan, it is learned on the best authority, has made a full confession, and while his Cronin's friends denounce it as a scheme to away with Cronin, was the first step towards bunishing the perpetrators of the crime.
Sullivan, it is learned on the best authority, has made a full confession, and while his knowledge of the plot that led to the killing of Cronin may not embrace all its details, it is certain that as to the closing scenes of the tragedy he is pretty well posted.

His first admission was that he had all along been lying when he said that he had known Cronin but a short time.

Cronin but a short time.

An enterprising detective learned the other day that Sullivan was a Clan-na-Gael man although he had all the time strenuously denied belonging to any distinctively Irish society.

Then it Then it was discovered that Detective

Coughlin was a member of the same "camp" to the Clan-na-Gael bodies are called.

A weak brother in this camp, whose hear



THE BLOOD-SMEARED STEPS AND SHUTTERS. was not in the cause to an extent that led him to approve of murder for political reasons, to approve of murder for political reasons, imadvertently let some remarks drop which put the police on his track, and by pumping him they secured important facts, showing that Sullivan and Coughlin were hand-inglove and that Coughlin was Chairman of the Committee that tried Gronn and expelled him from the Glan-na-Gael.

Then followed Coughlin's arrest and his isolation in a cell no definite charge being made against him.

Bullivan was uneasy His steps were dogged by detectives night and day, and he got no rest.

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The police were constantly summoning him to Headquarters for further conferences regarding the murder.

The man was plainly ill at ease.

Last night the final effort to break him down was made at the station in Lakeview.

Mayor Boldenweck, of that little city, is a personal friend of Sullivan, and he told the nercous ice-dealer the time to tell wha he knew had come—that is if he toped for any leniency on the part of the authorities.

The fact that Coughl n had been fully charged with murder in a warrant sworn out by Cronin's brother, and that he had been held without bail and was then in the county jail, was pictured to Sullivan in the most vivid colors, and finally the man weakened and told at least a good part of what he knows.

This much was admitted early this moraing by the police authorities and Mayor Bo denweek, who induced Sullivan to confeas, corroborated what the police said, but not a word would they breathe of what the confession contained save what has been outlined above.

The object of this line of action is clear.

Having secured one informer, as to a portion of the plot, the police are perfectly willing that all the world shall know the fact, their idea being that others of the compirators will seek immunity by turning State's evidence, just as was done in the Auarchies' cases, where a'l the principals were cohvicted and hanged an the evidence of men who

ere, at the worst, simply accessories before It is not believed that any one man outside

FOOTPRINTS IN THE DEATH CHAMBER.

cago knew what was being done, and in one way and another he ped the murderers.

Coughlin is charged with arranging for the horse and buggy that carried Cronin from his office to the little cottage in the rear of Ice-Dealer Bullivan's house, where he was butchered.

Sullivan is, like Coughlin, charged with murder, his alleged complicity being a guilty knowledge of the purpose for which the cottage was to be used.

The Coroner this morning gathered in his office the six jurymen summoned the day the body of Cronin was found and announced to them that carriages had been provided and that the jurors would be taken up to the place in Lakeview, six miles distant, where Cronin's body was found.

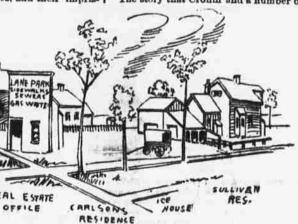
After that, he said, an excursion would be made to the Carlson cottage, where the murder is believed to have occurred, and then an adjournment would be had until to morrow.

McGeehan, the Philadelphia man arrested for his alleged connection with the murder, appears to be a very mysterious quantity.

Since the night he was placed in custody no one except the police officials hes seen him.

The police will not say where he is locked up, or even that he is in custody.

The story that Cronin and a number of the



divert the public mind from the real issue.

It is significant that the two Chicago papers which printed the report published it identically, with the same punctuation marks and all.

it was given out at noon to-day that the police had made a number of arrests on the strength of P. O. Sulivan's confession.

They will give out no names, however, and the place where the prisoners were taken is

AIMING AT THE "TRIANGLE."

WHAT IS THOUGHT TO BE THE REAL MO-TIVE FOR CRONIN'S MURDER.

That the Chicago "triangle" is responsible for the death of Dr. Cronin, and that it has furthermore marked a number of his sympa thizers and associates for "removal" in the same violent fashion, is the firm belief of many of the prominent Irishmen in this city.

They do not include in the responsibility for the crime any others than the "triangle itself, and are all of them vigorous in their denials that the organization of the Clan-na Gael is in any way culpable, and are in dignant that such a thing should be suggested. John Devoy, himself, who has been in-

cluded in the list of marked men, comes forward with a statement that such a crime as the murder of Dr. Cronin could be instigated only by a small clique of his personal ene-

"It is absurd to say," he asserts, " that he was sentenced to death by any officially constituted body of men, either in the Clan-na Gael or out of it. He had made enemies by practices of those at the head of the Chicago clique and they made way with him partly to revenge themselves for his previous attacks upon them and to prevent any future dis-closures.

PEARED VIOLENCE FOR THARS.

"I think the police are on the right track and the whole vile conspiracy will be disclosed to the public.

"For many years I have felt that my life was in danger from men of this class whose crookedness I have exposed, but not from any organization. I am not afraid of them, but will continue to fight them just as vigorously as I have in the past."

Mr. Devoy adds that the constitution of the Clan-na-Gael contained no clause prescribing that men should be "removed" for treason or any other cause.

that men should be "removed" for treason or any other cause.

Michael Bresiin, who is also a supporter of the Cronin faction in the Clah-na-Gael, said that there was no punishment provided for in the Bociety's constitution more severe than expulsion from the order. Even this could not be done before the accused person had been given the opportunity of clearing himself of the charges and after a fair hearing.

"If Oronin was killed by men in the Clanna-Gael," he said, "it was for personal reasons, and any action which the triangle might take in secret could not place any responsibility on the order."

Alexandra Bullivan, of Chicago, the expression of the Land League in this country, is at the head of the triumvirate, or "triangle," as it is called, the other two members being Michael Boland and D. C.

Feely. The former lives in Kansas City and the latter in Rochester. DR. CRONIN'S OFFENSE.

DR. CRONIN'S OFFENSE.

Dr. Cronin was a member of the Committee of the Clan-na-Gael appointed to investigate charges of embezzlement of funds of the order and other crooked practices preferred by Devoy against Sullivan, Boland and Feely. The majority of the Committee made a report whitewashing the defendants, but Dr. Cronin, in spite of threats that were made against him, held out, and with P. McCahey made a minority report in which they found that the three defendants, Sullivan, Roland and Feely had been guilty of violation of faith, misappropriation of funds, betraval of trusts and interests of the United Brother-hood, and of malfessance in office.

DR. CRONIN'S REPORT.

DR. CRONIN'S REPORT. The report is as follows:

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PHILADELRHIA, Jan. 15, 1889.

Po the F. C. of the U. B.

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The Application of the Chicago was unable to elicit all the facts connected with the charges placed before it. because of the refusal of several of the witnesses to answer many of the questions asked, and because of the inability of others to remember events and figures which might be supposed to be indeliby impressed on their memories.

supposed to be indeliby impressed on their memories.

From the evidence I am obliged to report:
First—That the family of the one who lost his life in the service of this Order was scandalously and shamefully neglected, and continued to be neglected for two years after their destitute condition was known, and that Alexander Sullivan, Michael Boland and D. C. Feely are responsible and censurable for that neglect.

Second—That Gen. C. M. McCarthy, of St. Paul, Minn., was unjustly and deliberately excluded from the Boston Convention and subsequently shamefully persecuted and driven from the Order, and that Alexander Sullivan, Michael Boland and D. C. Feely are responsible and censurable for that series of reprehensible acts.

Third—That the delegate from the home organization was excluded from the Boston Convention, and that the same three defendants are responsible and censurable for that exclusion.

Fourth—That the same defendants issued a

are responsible and censurable for that exclusion.

Fourth—That the same defendants issued a deceptive report of the Boston Convention, leading the Order to believe that its affairs had been examined by independent committees, and that the order was \$13,000 in debt, when, in fact, Alexander Sullivan and Michael Boland were on the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Treasurer states that there was a balance in the treasurer states that there was a balance in the treasurer states that there was a balance in the treasurer states that there was a balance in the treasurer and not a debt.

Fifth—That prior to the Boston Convention \$110,000 was expended without any direct or indirect benefit to the Order, and most of it in a manner that could not in any way have benefited the Order, and that the same three defendants are censurable and responsible for this enormous and wasteful expenditure.

Sixth—That this enormous sum was spent without the sapertion or knowledge of the home portion of the Revolutionary Directory.

Seventh—That various persons sent abroad were not supplied with sufficient funds, but that the sgent of the "triangle" is responsible and censurable for that criminal neglect, and not the three defendants.

Eighth—That Michael Boland and the late Secretary of the Revolutionory Brotherhood issued fraudulant transfers for the purpose of deceiving the order in Philadelphia into the belief that the union with the home order had not been broken.

Nighth—That Michael Boland and D. C. Feely,

ing the order in Philastephia into the benefiths the union with the home order had not been broken.

Ninth—That Michael Boland and D. C. Feely, the former by acts and the latter by assent, are guilty of attempting to pack the Pittaburg Convention by, first, excluding the delegate from the Pacific coast; second, excluding McLaughlin, the delegate from Dakota, third, excluding Obulivan and Delaney, the rightful delegates from New York; fourth, admitting the Rev. Dr. Betts and John J. Maroney from the bogus district; fifth, admitting Boland and Millen, Illegal delegates from New York; sixth, admitting proxies from Tows, Brocklyn and Illinois; seventh, sitting as delegates themselves in direct violation of the sonstitution.

Tenth—That \$87,491 reported to the Pittaburg Convention as having been spent in active work was not spent for any such work, no such work having been done or contemplated during the eleven months within which this large amount was drawn from the treasury. The active work done between the Boston and Pittaburg conventions was paid for out of the surplus held by the agent of the triangle at the time of the Boston Convention, and not out of the \$87,491 drawn from the treasury months after such active work had ceased.

Eleventh—That Michael Boland and D. C. Feely—the former by acts, the latter by silence—are responsible for the expenditure of this large amount of money, and censurable for deceiving the Pittaburg Convention as to the purpose for which it was spent.

Twelfth—That Michael Boland, Alexander

the Pittsburg Convention as to the purpose for which it was spent.

Twelfth—That Michael Boland, Alexander Sullivan and D. C. Feely—the former by acts and the two latter by assent—illegally suspended "camps" in January, 1888, and that Michael Boland and D. C. Feely—the former by acts and the latter by assent—illegally suspended eleven "camps" in New York in June, 1886. Yours respectfully.

I concur in the within and foregoing report, and would recommend in strict fairness to all concerned, and in justice to the entire organization, that the evidence from which we deduce the foregoing be printed by the Executive Council, sent to each D. O., and by him read at the general meeting of the district over which he presides.

January 19, 1889.

presides. January 19, 1889. It was Dr. C'onin's purpose to push the charges that based his report before the next annual Convention of the National League, for the purpose of ousting the Sullivan crowd from the control of that organization.

BITTER ENMITY. It is stated that the purposes of Dr. Cronin, which were well known to all the members of the Clan-na-Gael, had excited the bitterest enmity among his enemies, and he was regarded by them as by far their most dangerous opponent.

COULD NOT INTIMIDATE HIM. Every method was employed to intimidate him, and frequent threats against his life were sent to him in the effort to make him give up his fight. He was not a man to be bulldozed, however, and finding that threats were unavailing it is said that the only recourse of the hostile clique was to remove him.

CONFIRMATORY ACTION. The report that the Chicago police have placed Alexander Sullivan under strict surveillance gives to confirm the suspicions of the New York Clanna-Gael men, who say that he knows a great deal more about the Cronin case than has yet come out, and leads them to expect developments of the most sensational character.

BOLAND RIDICULES IT. Michael Boland, who is a police court justice in Kansas City, has denied the charges against himself and ridicules the idea that Cronin was put out of the way on account of any hostility between him and the Sullivan clique.

THE REAL MUNDERERS UNKNOWN TET.

THE REAL MURDERRESS UNKNOWN TET.

The men who committed the foul deed are yet unknown, as well as their immediate accomplices with the exceptions of Detective Coughlin and Ieeman Sullivan, who are still under arrest in Chicago.

It is believed that they were hired assessins and that they left Chicago immediately after the crime was committed.

Members of the various Irish societies here are in a tate of great excitement over the report that Inspector Byrnes's detectives are shadowing several suspects believed to be counceted in some way with the Chicago grime.

connected in some way with the chicago carine.

The Inspector declines to talk about the matter at all, and preserves an air of mysterious knowingness.

Luke Dillon gives as his opinion that the murder of Dr. Cronin was inspired by abler men than those who perpetrated the crime. but declares that the Clanna-Gael order could not be responsible for such a crime. He says the Order would willingly spend \$50,000 in bringing the assassins to justice.

YOU CAN SAVE A LITTLE LIFE! Everybody should subscribe to "The Evening World" Fund for a Summer Corps of Free Physicians for the Poor tick Childres of the Tenements.

DR. JENKINS NEVER KNEW A NOTED MAN CUT UP SO HURRIEDLY.

he Lawyers Will Not Let Him Say Whether He Thinks Bishop Was Dead Before the First Dissection-A Formidable Array of Counsel to Protect the Interests of the Three Inculpated Physi-

Coroner Levy and his jury continued their investigation at the City Hall this morning into the circumstances surrounding the death of and autopsy upon the body of Washington Irving Bishop, the mind-reader.

Several ladies, among them the mother of the mind-reader dressed in deep mourning, Mrs. Martino; and Mrs. Orme Jonas, were seated behind the railing and appeared to take a deep interest in all the proceedings.

There was a formidable array of counsel on hand representing the interests of the physicians involved in the question of the sutopsy, as well as in behalf of Mrs. Bishop, and Assistant District-Attorney Harry Mac-

dona was present to look after every-thing in general and the other counsel in particular.

The first witness examined was Dr. W. T Jenkins, Coroners' Physician, who told what had been done at the second autopsy of Bishop's body, ou May 18.

He met Drs. Biggs, Weston and Ferguson at Hawke's undertaking establishment, in Suxth avenue, and they reopened the body by

Sixth avenue, and they reopened the body by simply cutting the stitches. All the organs of the body, including a por-tion of the brain, were found in the thoracic

cavity in a fair state of preservation.

He could not tell from a superficial observation of these organs what had been the cause of death, but he removed portions of several of them and gave them to Dr. Biggs several of them and gave them to Dr. Biggs for microscopic examination.

"The appearance of these was similar to those of a person in good health, was it not?" asked Lawyer Atkinson.

"Yes, so far as I could see,"

"Do you think that the first autopsy would have been enough to kill Bishop had he been alive?"

"Undoubtedly."

"The lawyer tries to get Dr. Jankins to say.

The lawyer tried to get Dr. Jenkins to say what was the limit of time after death within which it was not safe to make an autopsy. He could only obtain the answer that the time was uncertain and there was no general

Dr. Jenkins said he had made 1,500 autop-nes, but in no case was a man who was as well known as Bishop put on the dissecting able within four hours after death.

table within four hours after death.

In his cross-examination Dr. Jenkins said that he had frequently called in Dr. Ferguson to be present at post-mortem examinations. He himself would always make a previous examination of the body to determine whether it was that of a dead person or not. He thought Dr. Ferguson was a very able expert and skilful surgeon.

"Helying on your knowledge of Dr. Ferguson's skilf don't you think that the person on whose body the autopsy was performed in this instance where he was present was dead?" was the question put to Dr. Jenkins by Lawyer Bowers.

There was a good deal of wrangling over the question and it was finally ruled out by Coroner Levy.

Coroner Levy.

THE LILY HAS AN AUCTION.

SCENERY, COSTUMES AND PROPERTIES UNDER THE HAMMER.

A sale by auction of some of Mrs. Langtry's scenery, costumes, sceptres, wands and daggers and beautiful hangings of silk and plush is

The property was received at the Grand Opera-

The property was received at the Grand Opera-House this morning, and at 2 o'clock, the time set for the sale to begin, there were many well-known theatrical people present who were anx-ious to secure bargains.

Mrs. Langtry goe: to Europe next month to stay a year, and she is now selling the mors cumbersome of her stage properties.

Among the settings disposed of was the com-plete scenery of "Macbeth," two interiors of "A Wife's Peril," two for "Lady Clancarty," three sets for "As in a Looking-Glass, "includ-ing the Monte Carlo set, and the garden and kitchen scenes from "The Lady of Lyons."

YOU CAN SAVE A LITTLE LIFE! Everybody should subscribe to "The Even-ing World" Fund for a Summer Corps of Free Physicians for the Poor Sick Children of the Tenements.

The Quetations.

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Prince P	1	Michigan Central	2025	5075			
Prince P	1	Missouri Pacific	277.74	77,43	35,374		
Prince P	ì	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	1196	116	1196		
Prince P	1	Morris & Roses	155	199	155		
Prince P	ı	N. Y. & New England	7677	2772	2322		
Prince P	ı	N. Y., Lake Erie & Western,	2014	29%	2882		
Prince P	ı	N. Y., L. Erie & Western pru	7.00	7339	70%		
Prince P	ı	N. V. Sueg. & West, pfd	2412	3462	2444		
Prince P	ŀ	Norfolk & Western	164	1057	1097		
Prince P	ı	Norfolk & Western pfd	93	235	53L.		
Prince P	l	Northern Pacific pfd	8512	5332	2002		
Prince P	ŀ	Ohio & Mississippi	227	996	35392		
Prince P	ı	Or. Railway & Naviga	93	93	93		
Prince P	ı	Oregos Improvement	344	1534	177.74		
Prince P	ı	Pacino Mati	3736	3736	3796		
Bioch & Foint Ter 10 10 10 10 Bioch & W. Foint Ter 10 10 10 Bioch & W. Foint Ter 10 10 10 Bich & W. Foint & 10 10 10 Bich & Boulub 10 Bich & Boulub 10 10 Bich & Boulub 10	L	Fipe Lane pertinoates	8996	545	H397		
Tenn Coal and from 874 374 374	Г	Rich & Allerbany	7662	7602	71779		
Tenn Coal and from 874 374 374	ı	Bich. & W. Point Top	20%	9662	9662		
Tenn Coal and from 874 374 374	Н	Rich & W. Point Ter. pld	2224	8316	8319		
Tenn Coal and from 874 374 374	ı	St. Pani & Omaha utd	100	100	100		
Tenn Coal and from 874 374 374	E	St. Paul & Duluth	38	*88	36		
Tenn Coal and from 874 374 374	1	st. F. Minn, & Manitoba	1938	103%	10094		
Tenn Coal and from 874 374 374	1	St. Louis & San Francisco ofd	8012	200	7,224		
Tenn Coal and from 874 374 374	1	Sugar Trust	6754	9792	197		
Union Pacific Byprose 92 62 63 11 11 11 12 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1	Peras Pacific	24	2214	2174		
United States Espress Pits 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	-	Union Pacific	8574	600	2735		
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific of 16 16 16 16 Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific pfd . 90% 20% 20% Western Union Tolograph 27% 27%	ŀ	United States Mapress,	913a	0110	6152		
Western Union Tolograph N712 8712 8712	ı	Wabsah, St. Louis & Pacific	16	Aft.	16		
	ı	Western Union Tolograph	870	1270	870		

EVERYBODY'S MITE WILL HELP. Don't neglect to do your share towards 'The Evening World' Fund for a Sumsick Children of the Tenements.

Great Tremblings in the Corporation Counsel's Office.

Eleven Employees Who Live Out of New York City.

A Legacy of the Days When Tweed Owned the Metropolis.

The exclusive announcement in THE EVEN. ING WORLD of vesterday that non-resident and alien office-holders must go has caused the knocking together of at least eleven pair of official knees in the Corporation Counsel's office, where this class is very numerous.

Among the non-residents in this office are Andrew T. Campbell, Chief Clerk, with a salary of \$5,000. His legal residence is said to be at Montclair, N. J., although he appears in the City Record to have a resid ence a

41 West Thirty-fifth street. His son, Andrew T. Campbell, jr., is an office boy in the department at a salary of \$520.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Frank A. Irish, who draws a salary of \$5,500 yearly, resides at 236 Jefferson street, Brooklyn.

There are two other residents of Montclair, it is reported, who are employed in the de-

They are Henry F. Rosselot, Register Clerk, with a salary of \$1,800, and Clerk John H. Greener, salary \$840. The former is noted in the City Record as residing at 23 South Fifth avenue, and the latter at 64%

South Fifth avenue, and the latter at 64% University place.

Another Jerseyman is William A. Coursen, jr., a junior law clerk. His salary is \$600 and he resides at Morristown.

Other Brooklynites in the office are Stenograuhers Mrs. Juanita M. Young, salary \$1.100; Malcolm Kerr. \$1.000, and Miss Emma A. Brockway, \$840, and Typewriter Miss Florence A. Prince, \$780.

White Deputy Chief Clerk George Davidson is a resident of the city he is said to be an alieu, having been born in Canada and never having become a citizen of the United States. His salary is \$1,100.

Just what Corporation Coursel Clark will do with reference to these non-resident em-

do with reference to these non-resident em-ployees in his department he has not yet de-

rmined. The system of non-resident office-holding is a legacy of the Tweed regime of corruption.
Previous to the reign of the Tweed ring of
corruptionists it was not known in this city,
nor is it known in any other municipality to-

day.

Tweed found it necessary to forward his schemes of robbery by securing legislation at Albany to give the moral statesmen something in the way of pap, and many of them and their henchmen were fitted into nice berths in the municipal departments.

This system has been a bone of contention among local politicians ou many occasions since Tweed's time, but the Corporation Counsels, by their opinions, have always prevented a test of the right of non-residents to hold office, declaring in their favor to prevent any legislation on the part of the Board of Aldermen to declare them ineligible.

In 1876 an ordinance was passed by the

of Aldermen to declare them ineligible.

In 1876 an ordinance was passed by the Common Council which declared the provisions of Section 34, Article 4 of Title VI., Chapter 5, Part I. of the Revised Statutes.

This section provides that: "Every office shall become vacant on the " " ceasing of the incumbent to be an inhabitant of the State, or if the office be local, of the district county town or city for which be shall tried county.

the State, or if the office be local, of the dis-trict, county, town or city for which he shall have been chosen or appointed, or within which the duties of his office are required to be discharged."

This ordinance Corporation Counsel Will-ism C. Whitney declared inoperative, as the Board of Aldermen had no right to legislate excepting where specific authority is given by charter, and the Tweed charter of 1873 gave no such authority.

no such authority.
This opinion, it is alleged, was written by an assistant who at the time resided in Brooklyn.

When Judge Andrews was Corporation
Counsel in 1884 the question was again raised
in the Board of Aldermen, and he rendered
an opinion on the same lines as his prede-

cesssor.

The Consolidation act had replaced the Tweed charter at that time, but it was wofully silent on the question of torfeiture of office by reason of non-residence.

It did have a section, however, which the Corporation Counsel overlooked, on which the tenure of office of non-residents may hinge.

hinge.
Section 84, of the Consolidation act, reads as follows: SEC. 84. The ordinances of the Common Council in force on the 1st of April, 1870, and in force at the time of the passage of this act are hereby continued in full force, subject to modi-fication, amendment and repeal by the Com-non Council.

mon Council.

The ordinance of 1876, declaring non-residents ineligible for office, was at that time in force and was juus given Legislative action.

Even if it were not, there are plenty of lawyers, among whom are Police Justice John Cochrane, one of the leading lights of Tammany Hall, who hold that as the rights of the municipality under the royal charter given 22 years ago, had not been interfered with by the State Constitution, but was recognized by the Constitutional Convention, the Legislature of the city still has a right to determine the qualifications of its officers.

A Tammany Hall lawyer said this morning:

mine the qualifications of its officers.

A Tammany Hall lawyer said this morning:

"Tammany has won the day at the polls and is responsible for the city government.

"It does not care to share that responsibility with citizons of other States or cities who have no further interest in the government than to draw their salaries, and you may depend upon it that, if there is a way to rid the service of these barnacles they will have to go."

Among the special retainers which Corporation Counsel Clark has called in and placed in the charge of members of his official staff are those held by Dennis A. Spellussey, Col. John O'Byrne and Arthur Berry.

The former is the County Democracy leader of the Nineteenth Assembly District. Col. O'Byrne is the orator and resolution-drawer of the Counties, and Mr. Herry was the private secre ary of ex. Mayor Hewitt.

Mr. Berry objects to surrendering his retainers, which were given in the case of condemnation of property for school sites.

He says it was an undertaking between himself and Mr. Beekman that he should act as special counsel Unit the matters were closed.

Corporation Counsel Clark said with relament of the county of t

closed.
Corporation Counsel Clark said with relation to Mr. Berry's attitude:
"I have recalled the retainers and I am under the impression that that settles the

Fast Tynins to Washington.

The average time of trains to Washington and Baltimore via Sew Line jdarsoy Central, Rasding and S. and
O.) is faster than via any other route. Station foot of
Liberty st. "."

YOUNG BLAINE'S HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION.

The Last Links in the Ill-Asserted Marringe to Be Disposed Of-The List of Goods Include Many Handsome Articles of Furniture-Labelled with Dainty Cards in Mrs. Blaine's Handwriting.

There is a varied assortment of household goods in Silo's Liberty street auction-rooms which are also the souvenirs of a projected but unattained domestic bliss. Beds, tables, buffets, parlor, dining-room kitchen and bedroom chairs, lounges, a few books and fewer pictures are the mute witnesses to the interrupted, probably terminated, domestic happiness of James G. Blaine, jr.

One round white pine top on four corkscrew legs of red cedar bears on its simple face several signatures in ink, all written in the same hand, a woman's convent-bred, angular English chirography "J, G. B.," "James G.Blaine, jr.," "J. G. Blaine, jr. " and then "M. N. Blaine." Four times written are the autographs, or rather octuple autograph.

The other pieces of furniture bear a yellow tag with "Blaine" written on them in lead

pencil.

They are the household effects of Jimmie Blaine, bought with a view to furnishing the home in which he should nest with pretty Marie Nevins, and all should flow as sweet as

But there was gall in the honey, and not only are the household goods coming under the auctioneer's hander, but young Jimmte Blaine is humbly learning railroading, and Mrs. Jomes G. Blaine, jr., is training for a livelihood to be gained in the glare of the footlights, where she will soon tread in the footsteps of Lily Langtry and Cora Urquhart Potter.

Several of the pieces are quite handsome.

Footsteps of Idly Langtry and Cora Urquhart Potter.

Several of the pieces are quite handsome. An ash bed, beautifully carved; a handsome buffet, a questreed oak bureau, with a round bevelled plate-glass mirror; a quiet but rich lounge of state-colored "rep," rich mahogany rocking-chairs and cane-bottomed oak chairs, figure conspicuously in the lot.

The auctioneer knew nothing about them. "People send their things here and we sell them," he said, sententiously. "It isn't our business to know anything about their misfortunes." he added, with the evident conviction that to part with one's things through the thump of an auctioneer's hammer was clear token of some disaster in the seller.

What Mr. and Mrs. James G. Blaine, jr., think on the point is not known.

THE VALKYRIE BEATEN

ISPECIAL CABLE TO THE EVENING WORLD. LONDON, May 28.—Another yacht race oc-curred to-day between the Vaikyrie, Irex and Yarana over the course from Harwich to Bouth

The Valkyrie was beaten by both the other schits.

The time was as follows:

NO. 13'S ENGINEER IS KILLED.

AND A BRAKEMAN SHARES HIS FATE IN A HOUSATONIC COLLISION. IMPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD, I BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 28. - A collision be tween two freight trains occurred this morning

on the Housatonic Railroad near Turnbull The engineer and a brakeman of one of the trains were killed. The accident was caused by neglect to carry

out orders of the train despatcher.

The up train was the Wilson Point freight and the down train was the Albany freight due here at 4. 15. Both trains were long, heavily loaded and un-

der rapid headway. Engineer James McDermott and his fireman. of the down train, jumped and escaped.

Engineer William B. Look, on the up train, tuck to his post and was killed. It was a long time before the remains of the dead engineer could be found. They were

ground into a jelly and torn into shreds, and were lying between the tender and his engine, lauried in coal.

The up train was in charge of Conductor Van Horn and the down train in charge of Conductor Carter. Look's engine was No. 13 and McDermot's No. 29. THE SERVIA UNTOUCHED BY FIRE.

Three Bales of Cotton Smouldered a Little [SPECIAL CABLE TO THE EVENING WORLD, ! LONDON, May 28,—After the arrival of the Servia at Liverpool Sunday a slight fire was dis-

covered in the forward hold.

The Cunard Company cabled to their New York agent that the damage by fire to the cargo was confined to three bales of cotton. The ship was uninjured. The passengers were in no danger and knew nothing of the fire.

DEPUTY COLLECTORS NOMINATED.

They Are a Nephew of James G. Blaine and a Son of Police Capt. Gunner. Harry Stanwood, nephew of Secretary of State

James G. Blaine, and John M. Gunner, son of Police Capt. Gunner, have been nominated to fill vacancies in the staff of Deputy Collectors of the port of New York, that will occur on June 1.

Collector Erhardt sent the nominations to Washington to be confirmed by Secretary Windom, and it is expected that the candidates will receive their appointments in a few days.

The Police Parade Live of March. All the arrangements for the police parade which is to take place on May 31 are now com pleted. The official line of march is as follows: pleted. The official line of march is as follows:
Form in line at the Battery at 1 o'clock p. M.;
up Broadway to Twenty-third street, to Madison
avenue, to East Fortisth street, to Fifth avenue,
to the reviewing stand in front of the Worth
Monument at Fifth avenue and Twenty-fifth
street. The men will pass the reviewing stand
at 3,30 o'clock. They will be dismissed at Fifth
avenue and Twentieth street.

More Ald for Mrs. Probansky. W. Huntingdon sends \$2 for Mrs. Probansky. whose sad case of destitution has been recently told in these columns.

Another Appointment.
The Mayor to-day appointed Peter Notman, delegate from the Board of Fire Underwriters, to the Board of Examiners of the Building De-partment.

HEADACHE NO MOTO. BRADYCHOTINE

PAINT AND OIL ABLAZE

A Big Platt Street Warehouse Attacked by Fire.

Lack of Water Hinders the Firemen in

Explosions Caused by the Building's Inflammable Contents.

A dangerous fire broke out at noontime to day in the basement of the four-story double brick building, 14 and 16 Platt street, and at

12 Gold street. The basement and the ground floor were occupied on Platt street by Billings, Taylor & Co., dealers in varnishes, oils and paints, The other occupants of the building are J.

mian Glass Works. The firemen could gain no headway against the fire on account of the lack of water.

Three alarms were sent out. The water tower was also summoned. It was practically useless for more than thirty minutes on account of the want of water. The building, 14 Platt street, was a mass of

every direction. Some of the firemen made their way to the

Some of the firemen made their way to the roof of the burning building, and with their long hooks began smashing the glass out of the windows.

The shattered fragments fell in a mass on a group of firemen in front of the building on the street and knocked them down.

They lost their grip on the nozzle of the pipe, and the water wet them from head to foot as they struggled in the gutter.

Charles H. Rutherford, owner and occupant of the building 12 Gold street, where he has five floors stored with a wholesale drug stock, sat at a deak in the rear window of the ground floor just before the fire broke out.

Suddenly he was startled by a loud report as of an explosion and then of cries of "Halp! help! Let me out!" in a boyish trable. The sounds came from the basement windows of Billings, Tayler & Co., and there was James Barclay, a fourteen-year-old lad, struggling to gam entrance to the rear window of a Pearl street store.

Flames and smoke were rushing out of the window of Billings. Taylor & Co., from which the lad had evidently just crawled, and after a moment of terrible suspense the shutters of the Pearl street window were opened and the youngster was hauled in out of danger.

In five minutes the flames were grawling up the rear walls of the building and then they communicated to Rutherford's build-

YOU CAN SAVE A LITTLE LIFE! Everybody abould subscribe to "The Even-ing World" Fund for a Summer Corps of Free Physicians for the Poor Sick Children

THOSE LAND-LEAGUE BOOKS.

MOLONEY, A WITNESS FOR THE "TIMES," HAD THEM ALL THE TIME.

INT CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.

LONDON, May 28.—In the Special Commission to-day Mr. Reid, counsel for the defense, informed the Court that Moloney, a Times with neas, had possession of the missing and long-sought-for Land-League books,

By using CARTER'S LITTLE NERVE PILLS. 10 six "

PRICE ONE CENT.

M. Huber, importer of colors, and the Bohe

They had to go blocks away in order to get it.

flame at 12.15 with only two small streams of water playing on it. Thousands of people crowded into the narrow streets in that vicinity and also impeded the work of the firemen until a plate of police arrived and drove them back in

of danger.

In five minutes the flames were grawling up the rear walls of the building and then they communicated to Rutherford's building, which forms an L with the Platt street building, which forms an L with the Platt street building.

In a brief period the firemen arrived and turned their attention to Rutherford's establishment. The flames were soon subdued, but the stock and building was badly damaged by water, and so is the drug house of Stallman & Fulton, 10 Gold street.

The main fire made great headway against the firemen, and the whole interior of the building was soon enveloped.

In the Platt street building William H. King, manager of Billings, Taylor & Co., employed eight men canning liquid paint, and there was a loss of \$5,000 worth of stock, partly insured. The building was owned by James Doyle, a Front street flour merchant.

James H. Peterson & Co. employed tengirls on the top floor packing advertising labels, and when the dense smoke came rushing up the stairways there was a panic among the girls. They rushed, screaming, pell-mell down the stairs, tumbling over each other in their endeavors to gain the street.

Nellie Naismith and May Sewell, of 833 Fourth avenue. Jersey City, left all they owned save their working gowns, and they were a tearful pair when they reached a place of safety.

Capt. McLaughlin's tender heart was touched by their sadness and he gave them money from his own pocket.

Peterson's loss by the fire was \$4,000. J.

M. Huber loses \$15,000, and the Bohamism Glass Works \$2,500. Rutherford's building is damaged only a few hundred dollars.

The block bounded by Pearl, Platt and Gold streets is filled with drug, pains and oil businesses and it is a dangerous neighborhood for a fire. But the lard house of Reed. Hewlett & Hewlett on the corner of Platt and Gold streets is filled with drug, pains and oil businesses and it is a dangerous neighborhood for a fire. But the lard house of Reed.

of the Tenements.

songht-for Land-League books.

This the Times people knew, Moloney having disclosed the fact.

The books, including the cash book are now in the courts.

Suspicion has been unfairly directed against the defendants on account of the supposed disappearance of these books, and the inability of the defense to produce them, when they were all the time within the cognizance and control of the freescate.

This is denounced by the Parnellities as a appears of sharp practice, which will not help the Times case.